



2A.1 Exercises

The Derivative and the Tangent Line Problem

Find $f'(x)$ using the formal definition of a derivative. Show all work.

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad f(x) &= 10x + 7 \\
 f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{h} ((10(x+h) + 7) - (10x + 7)) \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{h} (10x + 10h + 7 - 10x - 7) \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{h} (10h) \right) \\
 &= \mathbf{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2. \quad f(x) &= 6x - x^2 \\
 f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{h} ((6(x+h) - (x+h)^2) - (6x - x^2)) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

To be checked on assignment

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \quad f(x) &= \sqrt{3x+4} \\
 f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(\sqrt{3(x+h)+4} - \sqrt{3x+4})}{h} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(3(x+h)+4) - (3x+4)}{h(\sqrt{3(x+h)+4} + \sqrt{3x+4})} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{3h}{h(\sqrt{3(x+h)+4} + \sqrt{3x+4})} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{3}{(\sqrt{3(x+h)+4} + \sqrt{3x+4})} \right) \\
 &= \frac{3}{(\sqrt{3x+4} + \sqrt{3x+4})} = \mathbf{\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+4}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4. \quad f(x) &= \frac{2}{x+3} \\
 f'(x) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\frac{2}{(x+h)+3} - \frac{2}{x+3}}{h} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{2(x+3) - 2(x+h+3)}{h(x+h+3)(x+3)} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{-2h}{h(x+h+3)(x+3)} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{-2}{(x+h+3)(x+3)} \right) \\
 &= \frac{-2}{(x+3)(x+3)} = \mathbf{\frac{-2}{(x+3)^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Find these derivatives directly

$$\begin{aligned}
 5. \quad \text{Find } f'(3) \text{ if } f(x) &= 3x^2 - 5 \\
 f'(3) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3(3+h)^2 - 5) - (3(3^2) - 5)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3(9 + 6h + h^2) - 5) - 22}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{18h + 3h^2}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 18 + 3h = \mathbf{18}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6. \quad \text{Find } f'(2) \text{ if } f(x) &= \sqrt{x+5} \\
 f'(2) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2+h+5} - \sqrt{2+5}}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{7+h-7}{h(\sqrt{2+h+5} + \sqrt{2+5})} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(\sqrt{7+h} + \sqrt{7})} = \mathbf{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{7}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

