Pre-Calculus

Date:

Period:

Assignment 10B.1-Dot Products

Let $\mathbf{u} = \langle 3, 6 \rangle$, $\mathbf{v} = \langle -4, 3 \rangle$, and $\mathbf{w} = \langle 3, 4 \rangle$

- 1. Find the following dot products
 - *a.* **u** · **v**

$$(3,6) \cdot (-4,3) = -12 + 18 = 6$$

b. **u** · **w**

$$\langle 3,6\rangle \cdot \langle 3,4\rangle = 9 + 24 = 33$$

 $C. \quad \mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{W}$

a.

b.

$$\langle -4,3 \rangle \cdot \langle 3,4 \rangle = -12 + 12 = 0$$

2. Find the angle between each pair of vectors:

$$|\mathbf{u}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{45}, \quad |\mathbf{v}| = \sqrt{(-4)^2 + 3^2} = 5, \quad |\mathbf{w}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5$$

u, and v
 $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{6}{\sqrt{45} \cdot 5}\right) = 79.7^{\circ}$
u, and w

$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{33}{\sqrt{45}\cdot 5}\right) = \mathbf{10.3}^{\circ}$$

c. **v**, and **w**

$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{0}{5\cdot 4}\right) = 90^{\circ}$$

0

- Which vectors pairs above are orthogonal? Explain.
 v and w are orthoganal because their dot product is zero which makes the angle between them 90°
- 4. Let $\mathbf{r} = \langle x, -2 \rangle$. Find the value of *x* that will make **u** and **r** orthogonal.

$$\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{r} = \langle 3, 6 \rangle \cdot \langle x, -2 \rangle = 3x - 12 = x = \frac{12}{3} = 4$$

5. Let $\mathbf{s} = \langle -5, y \rangle$. Find the value of *x* that will make **v** and **s** orthogonal.

$$\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{s} = \langle -4,3 \rangle \cdot \langle -5,y \rangle = 20 + 3y = 0$$
$$y = -\frac{20}{3}$$

6. Find $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$ satisfying the given conditions where θ is the angle between \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .

$$\theta = 100^{\circ}, |\mathbf{u}| = 6, |\mathbf{v}| = 9$$
$$\cos 100 = \frac{(\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v})}{6 \cdot 9}$$
$$\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = 54 \cos 100 \approx -9.38$$